

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F08GPF (ZHPEVX)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F08GPF (ZHPEVX) computes selected eigenvalues and, optionally, eigenvectors of a complex  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian matrix  $A$  in packed storage. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors can be selected by specifying either a range of values or a range of indices for the desired eigenvalues.

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F08GPF (JOBZ, RANGE, UPLO, N, AP, VL, VU, IL, IU, ABSTOL, M,      &
                  W, Z, LDZ, WORK, RWORK, IWORK, JFAIL, INFO)
INTEGER          N, IL, IU, M, LDZ, IWORK(5*N), JFAIL(*), INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) VL, VU, ABSTOL, W(N), RWORK(7*N)
COMPLEX (KIND=nag_wp) AP(*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(2*N)
CHARACTER(1)     JOBZ, RANGE, UPLO
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name ***zhpevx***.

### 3 Description

The Hermitian matrix  $A$  is first reduced to real tridiagonal form, using unitary similarity transformations. The required eigenvalues and eigenvectors are then computed from the tridiagonal matrix; the method used depends upon whether all, or selected, eigenvalues and eigenvectors are required.

### 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Demmel J W and Kahan W (1990) Accurate singular values of bidiagonal matrices *SIAM J. Sci. Statist. Comput.* **11** 873–912

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Arguments

- 1: JOBZ – CHARACTER(1) *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.  
 JOBZ = 'N'  
     Only eigenvalues are computed.  
 JOBZ = 'V'  
     Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.  
*Constraint:* JOBZ = 'N' or 'V'.
- 2: RANGE – CHARACTER(1) *Input*  
*On entry:* if RANGE = 'A', all eigenvalues will be found.

If RANGE = 'V', all eigenvalues in the half-open interval  $(VL, VU]$  will be found.

If RANGE = 'I', the ILth to IUth eigenvalues will be found.

*Constraint:* RANGE = 'A', 'V' or 'I'.

3: UPLO – CHARACTER(1) *Input*

*On entry:* if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored.

If UPLO = 'L', the lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored.

*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

4: N – INTEGER *Input*

*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .

*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .

5: AP(\*) – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*

**Note:** the dimension of the array AP must be at least  $\max(1, N \times (N + 1)/2)$ .

*On entry:* the upper or lower triangle of the  $n$  by  $n$  Hermitian matrix  $A$ , packed by columns.

More precisely,

if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of  $A$  must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AP(i + j(j - 1)/2)$  for  $i \leq j$ ;

if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of  $A$  must be stored with element  $A_{ij}$  in  $AP(i + (2n - j)(j - 1)/2)$  for  $i \geq j$ .

*On exit:* AP is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form. The elements of the diagonal and the off-diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix overwrite the corresponding elements of  $A$ .

6: VL – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) *Input*

7: VU – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) *Input*

*On entry:* if RANGE = 'V', the lower and upper bounds of the interval to be searched for eigenvalues.

If RANGE = 'A' or 'I', VL and VU are not referenced.

*Constraint:* if RANGE = 'V',  $VL < VU$ .

8: IL – INTEGER *Input*

9: IU – INTEGER *Input*

*On entry:* if RANGE = 'I', the indices (in ascending order) of the smallest and largest eigenvalues to be returned.

If RANGE = 'A' or 'V', IL and IU are not referenced.

*Constraints:*

if RANGE = 'I' and  $N = 0$ ,  $IL = 1$  and  $IU = 0$ ;

if RANGE = 'I' and  $N > 0$ ,  $1 \leq IL \leq IU \leq N$ .

10: ABSTOL – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) *Input*

*On entry:* the absolute error tolerance for the eigenvalues. An approximate eigenvalue is accepted as converged when it is determined to lie in an interval  $[a, b]$  of width less than or equal to

$$ABSTOL + \epsilon \max(|a|, |b|),$$

where  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. If ABSTOL is less than or equal to zero, then  $\epsilon \|T\|_1$  will be

used in its place, where  $T$  is the tridiagonal matrix obtained by reducing  $A$  to tridiagonal form. Eigenvalues will be computed most accurately when  $ABSTOL$  is set to twice the underflow threshold  $2 \times X02AMF( )$ , not zero. If this routine returns with  $INFO > 0$ , indicating that some eigenvectors did not converge, try setting  $ABSTOL$  to  $2 \times X02AMF( )$ . See Demmel and Kahan (1990).

- 11:  $M$  – INTEGER *Output*  
*On exit:* the total number of eigenvalues found.  $0 \leq M \leq N$ .  
 If  $RANGE = 'A'$ ,  $M = N$ .  
 If  $RANGE = 'I'$ ,  $M = IU - IL + 1$ .
- 12:  $W(N)$  – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Output*  
*On exit:* the selected eigenvalues in ascending order.
- 13:  $Z(LDZ, *)$  – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array  $Z$  must be at least  $\max(1, M)$  if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ , and at least 1 otherwise.  
*On exit:* if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ , then  
     if  $INFO = 0$ , the first  $M$  columns of  $Z$  contain the orthonormal eigenvectors of the matrix  $A$  corresponding to the selected eigenvalues, with the  $i$ th column of  $Z$  holding the eigenvector associated with  $W(i)$ ;  
     if an eigenvector fails to converge ( $INFO > 0$ ), then that column of  $Z$  contains the latest approximation to the eigenvector, and the index of the eigenvector is returned in  $JFAIL$ .  
 If  $JOBZ = 'N'$ ,  $Z$  is not referenced.  
**Note:** you must ensure that at least  $\max(1, M)$  columns are supplied in the array  $Z$ ; if  $RANGE = 'V'$ , the exact value of  $M$  is not known in advance and an upper bound of at least  $N$  must be used.
- 14:  $LDZ$  – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array  $Z$  as declared in the (sub)program from which F08GPF (ZHPEVX) is called.  
*Constraints:*  
     if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ ,  $LDZ \geq \max(1, N)$ ;  
     otherwise  $LDZ \geq 1$ .
- 15:  $WORK(2 \times N)$  – COMPLEX (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Workspace*
- 16:  $RWORK(7 \times N)$  – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Workspace*
- 17:  $IWORK(5 \times N)$  – INTEGER array *Workspace*
- 18:  $JFAIL(*)$  – INTEGER array *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array  $JFAIL$  must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On exit:* if  $JOBZ = 'V'$ , then  
     if  $INFO = 0$ , the first  $M$  elements of  $JFAIL$  are zero;  
     if  $INFO > 0$ ,  $JFAIL$  contains the indices of the eigenvectors that failed to converge.  
 If  $JOBZ = 'N'$ ,  $JFAIL$  is not referenced.

19: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , argument  $i$  had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

The algorithm failed to converge; (*value*) eigenvectors did not converge. Their indices are stored in array JFAIL.

## 7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix  $(A + E)$ , where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.7 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F08GPF (ZHPEVX) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F08GPF (ZHPEVX) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to  $n^3$ .

The real analogue of this routine is F08GBF (DSPEVX).

## 10 Example

This example finds the eigenvalues in the half-open interval  $(-2, 2]$ , and the corresponding eigenvectors, of the Hermitian matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2-i & 3-i & 4-i \\ 2+i & 2 & 3-2i & 4-2i \\ 3+i & 3+2i & 3 & 4-3i \\ 4+i & 4+2i & 4+3i & 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```
Program f08gpfe
```

```
!      F08GPF Example Program Text
!
!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
!
!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: dznrm2, nag_wp, x04daf, zhpevx
```

```

!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Parameter      :: zero = 0.0E+0_nag_wp
      Integer, Parameter                  :: nin = 5, nout = 6
      Character (1), Parameter            :: uplo = 'U'
!      .. Local Scalars ..
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp)               :: scal
      Real (Kind=nag_wp)                  :: abstol, vl, vu
      Integer                              :: i, ifail, il, info, iu, j, k, ldz,    &
                                          m, n
!      .. Local Arrays ..
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: ap(:), work(:), z(:, :)
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable    :: rwork(:), w(:)
      Integer, Allocatable                :: iwork(:), jfail(:)
!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
      Intrinsic                          :: abs, conjg, maxloc
!      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'F08GPF Example Program Results'
      Write (nout,*)
!      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n
      ldz = n
      m = n
      Allocate (ap((n*(n+1))/2),work(2*n),z(ldz,m),rwork(7*n),w(n),iwork(5*n), &
               jfail(n))

!      Read the lower and upper bounds of the interval to be searched,
!      and read the upper or lower triangular part of the matrix A
!      from data file

      Read (nin,*) vl, vu
      If (uplo=='U') Then
        Read (nin,*)((ap(i+(j*(j-1))/2),j=i,n),i=1,n)
      Else If (uplo=='L') Then
        Read (nin,*)((ap(i+((2*n-j)*(j-1))/2),j=1,i),i=1,n)
      End If

!      Set the absolute error tolerance for eigenvalues. With ABSTOL
!      set to zero, the default value is used instead

      abstol = zero

!      Solve the Hermitian eigenvalue problem

!      The NAG name equivalent of zhpevx is f08gpf
      Call zhpevx('Vectors','Values in range',uplo,n,ap,vl,vu,il,iu,abstol,m, &
               w,z,ldz,work,rwork,iwork,jfail,info)

      If (info>=0) Then

!      Print solution

        Write (nout,99999) 'Number of eigenvalues found =', m
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
        Write (nout,99998) w(1:m)
        Flush (nout)

!      Normalize the eigenvectors, largest element real
      Do i = 1, m
        rwork(1:n) = abs(z(1:n,i))
        k = maxloc(rwork(1:n),1)
        scal = conjg(z(k,i))/abs(z(k,i))/dznrm2(n,z(1,i),1)
        z(1:n,i) = z(1:n,i)*scal
      End Do

!      ifail: behaviour on error exit
!      =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
      ifail = 0

```

```

      Call x04daf('General',' ',n,m,z,ldz,'Selected eigenvectors',ifail)

      If (info>0) Then
        Write (nout,99999) 'INFO eigenvectors failed to converge, INFO =', &
          info
        Write (nout,*) 'Indices of eigenvectors that did not converge'
        Write (nout,99997) jfail(1:m)
      End If
    Else
      Write (nout,99999) 'Failure in ZHPEVX. INFO =', info
    End If

99999 Format (1X,A,I5)
99998 Format (3X,(8F8.4))
99997 Format (3X,(8I8))
      End Program f08gpfe

```

## 10.2 Program Data

F08GPF Example Program Data

```

      4                                     :Value of N
      -2.0                               2.0                               :Values of VL and VU

      (1.0, 0.0) (2.0, -1.0) (3.0, -1.0) (4.0, -1.0)
                (2.0, 0.0) (3.0, -2.0) (4.0, -2.0)
                        (3.0, 0.0) (4.0, -3.0)
                        (4.0, 0.0) :End of matrix A

```

## 10.3 Program Results

F08GPF Example Program Results

Number of eigenvalues found = 2

```

Eigenvalues
  -0.6886  1.1412
Selected eigenvectors
      1      2
1  0.6470  0.0179
   0.0000 -0.4453

2  -0.4984  0.5706
   -0.1130 -0.0000

3   0.2949 -0.1530
   0.3165  0.5273

4  -0.2241 -0.2118
   -0.2878 -0.3598

```

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