

# NAG Library Routine Document

## F07AEF (DGETRS)

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07AEF (DGETRS) solves a real system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,

$$AX = B \quad \text{or} \quad A^T X = B,$$

where  $A$  has been factorized by F07ADF (DGETRF).

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07AEF (TRANS, N, NRHS, A, LDA, IPIV, B, LDB, INFO)
INTEGER          N, NRHS, LDA, IPIV(*), LDB, INFO
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), B(LDB,*)
CHARACTER(1)     TRANS
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name ***dgetrs***.

### 3 Description

F07AEF (DGETRS) is used to solve a real system of linear equations  $AX = B$  or  $A^T X = B$ , the routine must be preceded by a call to F07ADF (DGETRF) which computes the  $LU$  factorization of  $A$  as  $A = PLU$ . The solution is computed by forward and backward substitution.

If  $TRANS = 'N'$ , the solution is computed by solving  $PLY = B$  and then  $UX = Y$ .

If  $TRANS = 'T'$  or  $'C'$ , the solution is computed by solving  $U^T Y = B$  and then  $L^T P^T X = Y$ .

### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Arguments

- 1: TRANS – CHARACTER(1) *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates the form of the equations.  
 TRANS = 'N'  
      $AX = B$  is solved for  $X$ .  
 TRANS = 'T' or 'C'  
      $A^T X = B$  is solved for  $X$ .  
*Constraint:* TRANS = 'N', 'T' or 'C'.
- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .

- 3: NRHS – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $r$ , the number of right-hand sides.  
*Constraint:*  $\text{NRHS} \geq 0$ .
- 4: A(LDA,\*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array A must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the *LU* factorization of  $A$ , as returned by F07ADF (DGETRF).
- 5: LDA – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F07AEF (DGETRS) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $\text{LDA} \geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 6: IPIV(\*) – INTEGER array *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* the pivot indices, as returned by F07ADF (DGETRF).
- 7: B(LDB,\*) – REAL (KIND=nag\_wp) array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array B must be at least  $\max(1, \text{NRHS})$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $r$  right-hand side matrix  $B$ .  
*On exit:* the  $n$  by  $r$  solution matrix  $X$ .
- 8: LDB – INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07AEF (DGETRS) is called.  
*Constraint:*  $\text{LDB} \geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 9: INFO – INTEGER *Output*  
*On exit:*  $\text{INFO} = 0$  unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

$\text{INFO} < 0$

If  $\text{INFO} = -i$ , argument  $i$  had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

## 7 Accuracy

For each right-hand side vector  $b$ , the computed solution  $x$  is the exact solution of a perturbed system of equations  $(A + E)x = b$ , where

$$|E| \leq c(n)\epsilon P|L||U|,$$

$c(n)$  is a modest linear function of  $n$ , and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution, then the computed solution  $x$  satisfies a forward error bound of the form

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}} \leq c(n) \text{cond}(A, x)\epsilon$$

where  $\text{cond}(A, x) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| |x| \|_{\infty} / \|x\|_{\infty} \leq \text{cond}(A) = \| |A^{-1}| |A| \|_{\infty} \leq \kappa_{\infty}(A)$ .

Note that  $\text{cond}(A, x)$  can be much smaller than  $\text{cond}(A)$ , and  $\text{cond}(A^T)$  can be much larger (or smaller) than  $\text{cond}(A)$ .

Forward and backward error bounds can be computed by calling F07AHF (DGERFS), and an estimate for  $\kappa_\infty(A)$  can be obtained by calling F07AGF (DGECON) with  $\text{NORM} = 'I'$ .

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

F07AEF (DGETRS) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

F07AEF (DGETRS) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately  $2n^2r$ .

This routine may be followed by a call to F07AHF (DGERFS) to refine the solution and return an error estimate.

The complex analogue of this routine is F07ASF (ZGETRS).

## 10 Example

This example solves the system of equations  $AX = B$ , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.80 & 2.88 & 2.05 & -0.89 \\ 5.25 & -2.95 & -0.95 & -3.80 \\ 1.58 & -2.69 & -2.90 & -1.04 \\ -1.11 & -0.66 & -0.59 & 0.80 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 9.52 & 18.47 \\ 24.35 & 2.25 \\ 0.77 & -13.28 \\ -6.22 & -6.21 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here  $A$  is nonsymmetric and must first be factorized by F07ADF (DGETRF).

### 10.1 Program Text

```

Program f07aefe

!      F07AEF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: dgetrf, dgetrs, nag_wp, x04caf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
      Character (1), Parameter   :: trans = 'N'
!      .. Local Scalars ..
      Integer                     :: i, ifail, info, lda, ldb, n, nrhs
!      .. Local Arrays ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:, :), b(:, :)
      Integer, Allocatable         :: ipiv(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'F07AEF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
      Read (nin,*) n, nrhs
      lda = n

```

```

      ldb = n
      Allocate (a(lda,n),b(ldb,nrhs),ipiv(n))

!      Read A and B from data file

      Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:n),i=1,n)
      Read (nin,*)(b(i,1:nrhs),i=1,n)

!      Factorize A

!      The NAG name equivalent of dgetrf is f07adf
      Call dgetrf(n,n,a,lda,ipiv,info)

      Write (nout,*)
      Flush (nout)
      If (info==0) Then

!          Compute solution

!          The NAG name equivalent of dgetrs is f07aef
      Call dgetrs(trans,n,nrhs,a,lda,ipiv,b,ldb,info)

!          Print solution

!          ifail: behaviour on error exit
!              =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
      ifail = 0
      Call x04caf('General',' ',n,nrhs,b,ldb,'Solution(s)',ifail)
      Else
      Write (nout,*) 'The factor U is singular'
      End If

      End Program f07aefe

```

## 10.2 Program Data

F07AEF Example Program Data

4	2				:Values of N and NRHS
1.80	2.88	2.05	-0.89		
5.25	-2.95	-0.95	-3.80		
1.58	-2.69	-2.90	-1.04		
-1.11	-0.66	-0.59	0.80	:End of matrix A	
9.52	18.47				
24.35	2.25				
0.77	-13.28				
-6.22	-6.21			:End of matrix B	

## 10.3 Program Results

F07AEF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

	1	2
1	1.0000	3.0000
2	-1.0000	2.0000
3	3.0000	4.0000
4	-5.0000	1.0000

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