

NAG Library Routine Document

F03BAF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F03BAF computes the determinant of a real n by n matrix A . F07ADF (DGETRF) must be called first to supply the matrix A in factorized form.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F03BAF (N, A, LDA, IPIV, D, ID, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          N, LDA, IPIV(N), ID, IFAIL
  REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), D
```

3 Description

F03BAF computes the determinant of a real n by n matrix A that has been factorized by a call to F07ADF (DGETRF). The determinant of A is the product of the diagonal elements of U with the correct sign determined by the row interchanges.

4 References

Wilkinson J H and Reinsch C (1971) *Handbook for Automatic Computation II, Linear Algebra* Springer-Verlag

5 Arguments

- 1: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: $N > 0$.
- 2: A(LDA,*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least N .
On entry: the n by n matrix A in factorized form as returned by F07ADF (DGETRF).
- 3: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F03BAF is called.
Constraint: $LDA \geq N$.
- 4: IPIV(N) – INTEGER array *Input*
On entry: the row interchanges used to factorize matrix A as returned by F07ADF (DGETRF).
- 5: D – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Output*
- 6: ID – INTEGER *Output*
On exit: the determinant of A is given by $D \times 2.0^{ID}$. It is given in this form to avoid overflow or underflow.

7: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this argument you should refer to Section 3.4 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this argument, the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $N = \langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: $N \geq 1$.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, $LDA = \langle value \rangle$ and $N = \langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: $LDA \geq N$.

IFAIL = 4

The matrix A is approximately singular.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.9 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.8 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

The accuracy of the determinant depends on the conditioning of the original matrix. For a detailed error analysis, see page 107 of Wilkinson and Reinsch (1971).

8 Parallelism and Performance

F03BAF is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

The time taken by F03BAF is approximately proportional to n .

10 Example

This example computes the LU factorization with partial pivoting, and calculates the determinant, of the real matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 33 & 16 & 72 \\ -24 & -10 & -57 \\ -8 & -4 & -17 \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```

Program f03baf

!      F03BAF Example Program Text
!
!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.
!
!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: dgetrf, f03baf, nag_wp, x04caf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
!      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: d
!      Integer                    :: i, id, ifail, info, lda, n
!      .. Local Arrays ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:, :)
!      Integer, Allocatable         :: ipiv(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
!      Write (nout,*) 'F03BAF Example Program Results'

!      Skip heading in data file
!      Read (nin,*)

!      Read (nin,*) n
!      lda = n
!      Allocate (a(lda,n),ipiv(n))

!      Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:n),i=1,n)

!      LU Factorize A
!      The NAG name equivalent of dgetrf is f07adf
!      Call dgetrf(n,n,a,lda,ipiv,info)

!      Write (nout,*)
!      Flush (nout)
!      ifail = 0
!      Call x04caf('G','N',n,n,a,lda,'Array A after factorization',ifail)

!      Write (nout,*)
!      Write (nout,*) 'Pivots'
!      Write (nout,99999) ipiv(1:n)
!      Write (nout,*)
!      Flush (nout)

!      ifail = 0
!      Call f03baf(n,a,lda,ipiv,d,id,ifail)

!      Write (nout,99998) d, id
!      Write (nout,*)
!      Write (nout,99997) d*2.0_nag_wp**id

```

```

99999 Format (1X,8(1X,I13))
99998 Format (1X,'D = ',F13.5,' ID = ',I12)
99997 Format (1X,'Value of determinant = ',E13.5)
      End Program f03baf

```

10.2 Program Data

F03BAF Example Program Data

```

3      : N
33     16     72
-24    -10    -57
-8     -4     -17      : A

```

10.3 Program Results

F03BAF Example Program Results

Array A after factorization

	1	2	3
1	33.0000	16.0000	72.0000
2	-0.7273	1.6364	-4.6364
3	-0.2424	-0.0741	0.1111

Pivots

	1	2	3
D =	0.37500	ID =	4

Value of determinant = 0.60000E+01
