

NAG Library Function Document

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc)

1 Purpose

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) calculates predictions given the output from an orthogonal scores PLS regression (nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc)) and nag_pls_orth_scores_fit (g02lcc).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

void nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (Nag_OrderType order, Integer ip, Integer my,
    Nag_EstimatesOption orig, const double xbar[], const double ybar[],
    Nag_ScalePredictor iscale, const double xstd[], const double ystd[],
    const double b[], Integer pdb, Integer n, Integer mz,
    const Integer isz[], const double z[], Integer pdz, double yhat[],
    Integer pdyhat, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) calculates the predictions \hat{Y} of a PLS model given a set Z of test data and a set B of parameter estimates as returned by nag_pls_orth_scores_fit (g02lcc).

If nag_pls_orth_scores_fit (g02lcc) returns parameter estimates for the original data scale, no further information is required.

If nag_pls_orth_scores_fit (g02lcc) returns parameter estimates for the centred, and possibly scaled, data, further information is required. The means of variables in the fitted model must be supplied. In the case of a PLS model fitted by using scaled data, the means and standard deviations of variables in the fitted model must also be supplied. These means and standard deviations are those returned by either nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) and nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc).

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.
Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
- 2: **ip** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of predictor variables in the fitted model. **ip** must take the same value as that supplied to nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc) to fit the model.
Constraint: **ip** > 1.

- 3: **my** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of response variables in the fitted model. **my** must take the same value as that supplied to nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc) to fit the model.
Constraint: **my** ≥ 1 .
- 4: **orig** – Nag_EstimatesOption *Input*
On entry: indicates how parameter estimates are supplied.
orig = Nag_EstimatesOrig
Parameter estimates are for the original data.
orig = Nag_EstimatesStand
Parameter estimates are for the centred, and possibly scaled, data.
Constraint: **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand or Nag_EstimatesOrig.
- 5: **xbar[ip]** – const double *Input*
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **xbar** must contain mean values of predictor variables in the model; otherwise **xbar** is not referenced.
- 6: **ybar[my]** – const double *Input*
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **ybar** must contain the mean value of each response variable in the model; otherwise **ybar** is not referenced.
- 7: **iscale** – Nag_ScalePredictor *Input*
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **iscale** must take the value supplied to either nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc); otherwise **iscale** is not referenced.
Constraint: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **iscale** = Nag_PredNoScale, Nag_PredStdScale or Nag_PredUserScale.
- 8: **xstd[ip]** – const double *Input*
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand and **iscale** \neq Nag_PredNoScale, **xstd** must contain the scalings of predictor variables in the model as returned from either nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc); otherwise **xstd** is not referenced.
- 9: **ystd[my]** – const double *Input*
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand and **iscale** \neq Nag_PredNoScale, **ystd** must contain the scalings of response variables as returned from either nag_pls_orth_scores_svd (g02lac) or nag_pls_orth_scores_wold (g02lbc); otherwise **ystd** is not referenced.
- 10: **b[dim]** – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **b** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdb} \times \mathbf{my})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{ip} \times \mathbf{pdb})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand;
 $\max(1, 1 + \mathbf{ip} \times \mathbf{pdb})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor and **orig** = Nag_EstimatesOrig.
The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *B* is stored in
 $\mathbf{b}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdb} + i - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\mathbf{b}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdb} + j - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.
On entry: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **b** must contain the parameter estimate for the centred, and possibly scaled, data as returned by nag_pls_orth_scores_fit (g02lcc); otherwise **b** must

contain the parameter estimates for the original data as returned by `nag_pls_orth_scores_fit` (g02lcc).

11: **pdb** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **b**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag_ColMajor,
 if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **pdb** \geq **ip**;
 if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesOrig, **pdb** \geq 1 + **ip**.;
 if **order** = Nag_RowMajor, **pdb** \geq **my**.

12: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: *n*, the number of observations in the test data *Z*.

Constraint: **n** \geq 1.

13: **mz** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the number of available predictor variables in the test data.

Constraint: **mz** \geq **ip**.

14: **isz[mz]** – const Integer *Input*

On entry: indicates which predictor variables are to be included in the model. Predictor variables included from **z** must be in the same order as those included in the fitted model.

If **isz**[*j* – 1] = 1, the *j*th predictor variable is included in the model, for *j* = 1, 2, ..., **mz**, otherwise **isz**[*j* – 1] = 0.

Constraints:

isz[*j* – 1] = 0 or 1, for *j* = 1, 2, ..., **mz**;
 $\sum_j \text{isz}[j - 1] = \text{ip}$.

15: **z[dim]** – const double *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **z** must be at least

max(1, **pdz** \times **mz**) when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 max(1, **n** \times **pdz**) when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

Where **Z**(*i*, *j*) appears in this document, it refers to the array element

z[(*j* – 1) \times **pdz** + *i* – 1] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
z[(*i* – 1) \times **pdz** + *j* – 1] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: **Z**(*i*, *j*) contains the *i*th observation on the *j*th available predictor variable, for *i* = 1, 2, ..., **n** and *j* = 1, 2, ..., **mz**.

16: **pdz** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag_ColMajor, **pdz** \geq **n**;
 if **order** = Nag_RowMajor, **pdz** \geq **mz**.

17: **yhat**[*dim*] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **yhat** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pdyhat} \times \mathbf{my})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pdyhat})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

Where **YHAT**(*i*, *j*) appears in this document, it refers to the array element

yhat[(*j* − 1) × **pdyhat** + *i* − 1] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
yhat[(*i* − 1) × **pdyhat** + *j* − 1] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On exit: **YHAT**(*i*, *j*) contains the *i*th predicted value of the *j*th *y*-variable in the model.

18: **pdyhat** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **yhat**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag_ColMajor, **pdyhat** ≥ **n**;
 if **order** = Nag_RowMajor, **pdyhat** ≥ **my**.

19: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument *⟨value⟩* had an illegal value.

NE_ENUM_CHARACTER

On entry, **iscale** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **iscale** = Nag_PredNoScale, Nag_PredStdScale or Nag_PredUserScale.

NE_INT

On entry, **ip** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **ip** > 1.

On entry, **my** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **my** ≥ 1.

On entry, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 1.

On entry, **pdb** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdb** > 0.

On entry, **pdyhat** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdyhat** > 0.

On entry, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdz** > 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **mz** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **mz** \geq **ip**.

On entry, **pdb** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **ip** + 1 = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesOrig, **pdb** \geq 1 + **ip**.

On entry, **pdb** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **orig** = Nag_EstimatesStand, **pdb** \geq **ip**.

On entry, **pdb** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **my** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdb** \geq **my**.

On entry, **pdymat** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **my** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdymat** \geq **my**.

On entry, **pdymat** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdymat** \geq **n**.

On entry, **pdz** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **mz** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdz** \geq **mz**.

On entry, **pdz** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdz** \geq **n**.

NE_INT_ARG_CONS

On entry, the number of elements of **isz** equal to 1 is not **ip**.

NE_INT_ARRAY_VAL_1_OR_2

On entry, **isz**[$j - 1$] = $\langle value \rangle$, j = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **isz**[$j - 1$] = 0 or 1.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) allocates internally $3 \times \mathbf{ip} + \mathbf{my}$ elements of double storage.

10 Example

This example reads in parameter estimates for a fitted PLS model and prediction data, and the PLS model predictions are calculated.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */
/* Pre-processor includes */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg02.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /*Integer scalar and array declarations */
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    Integer i, ip, j, l, my, mz, n;
    Integer pdb, pdyhat, pdz;
    Integer *isz = 0;
    /*Double scalar and array declarations */
    double *b = 0, *xbar = 0, *xstd = 0, *ybar = 0, *yhat = 0;
    double *ystd = 0, *z = 0;
    /*Character scalar and array declarations */
    char siscale[40], sorig[40];
    /*NAG Types */
    Nag_OrderType order;
    Nag_ScalePredictor iscale;
    Nag_EstimatesOption orig;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) Example Program Results\n");
    /* Skip header in data file. */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
    /* Read data values. */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%39s %39s %" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT
            "%*[\n] ", &ip, &my, sorig, (unsigned)_countof(sorig), siscale,
            (unsigned)_countof(siscale), &n, &mz);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%39s %39s %" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT
            "%*[\n] ", &ip, &my, sorig, siscale, &n, &mz);
#endif
    orig = (Nag_EstimatesOption) nag_enum_name_to_value(sorig);
    iscale = (Nag_ScalePredictor) nag_enum_name_to_value(siscale);

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdb = ((orig == Nag_EstimatesStand) ? ip : 1 + ip);
#define B(I, J)    b[(J-1)*pdb + I-1]
    pdyhat = n;
    pdz = n;
#define Z(I, J)    z[(J-1)*pdz + I-1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#endif
}
```

```

#else
    pdb = my;
#define B(I, J)    b[(I-1)*pdb + J-1]
    pdyhat = my;
    pdz = mz;
#define Z(I, J)    z[(I-1)*pdz + J-1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif
    if (!(b = NAG_ALLOC(pdb * (order == Nag_RowMajor ? (1 + ip) : my), double))
        || !(xbar = NAG_ALLOC(ip, double)) || !(xstd = NAG_ALLOC(ip, double))
        || !(ybar = NAG_ALLOC(my, double))
        || !(yhat =
            NAG_ALLOC(pdyhat * (order == Nag_RowMajor ? n : my), double))
        || !(ystd = NAG_ALLOC(my, double))
        || !(z = NAG_ALLOC(pdz * (order == Nag_RowMajor ? n : mz), double))
        || !(isz = NAG_ALLOC(mz, Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Read prediction x-data */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for (j = 1; j <= mz; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &Z(i, j));
#else
            scanf("%lf ", &Z(i, j));
#endif
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
    /* Read elements of isz */
    for (j = 0; j < mz; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT " ", &isz[j]);
#else
        scanf("%" NAG_IFMT " ", &isz[j]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
    /* Read parameter estimates */
    l = ip;
    if (orig != Nag_EstimatesStand) {
        l = l + 1;
    }
    for (j = 1; j <= l; j++) {
        for (i = 1; i <= my; i++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &B(j, i));
#else
            scanf("%lf ", &B(j, i));
#endif
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
    /* Read means */
    if (orig == Nag_EstimatesStand) {
        for (j = 0; j < ip; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &xbar[j]);
#else

```

```

        scanf("%lf ", &xbar[j]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
        scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
        for (l = 0; l < my; l++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &ybar[l]);
#else
            scanf("%lf ", &ybar[l]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
        scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
    }
    /* Read scalings */
    if ((orig == Nag_EstimatesStand) && (iscale != Nag_PredNoScale)) {
        for (j = 0; j < ip; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &xstd[j]);
#else
            scanf("%lf ", &xstd[j]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
        scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
        for (l = 0; l < my; l++)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf ", &ystd[l]);
#else
            scanf("%lf ", &ystd[l]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%*[^\\n] ");
#else
        scanf("%*[^\\n] ");
#endif
    }
    /* Calculate predictions */
    /*
    * nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc)
    * Partial least squares
    */
    nag_pls_orth_scores_pred(order, ip, my, orig, xbar, ybar, iscale, xstd,
                             ystd, b, pdb, n, mz, isz, z, pdz, yhat, pdyhat,
                             &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc).\\n%s\\n",
              fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    /*
    * nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac)
    * Print real general matrix (easy-to-use)
    */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, my,
                           yhat, pdyhat, "YHAT", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
}

```



```

END:
  NAG_FREE(b);
  NAG_FREE(xbar);
  NAG_FREE(xstd);
  NAG_FREE(ybar);
  NAG_FREE(yhat);
  NAG_FREE(ystd);
  NAG_FREE(z);
  NAG_FREE(isz);

  return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) Example Program Data
15 1 Nag_EstimatesStand Nag_PredStdScale 15 15 : ip, my, orig, iscale, n, mz
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 1.9607 -1.6324 0.5746 1.9607 -1.6324 0.5740
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 1.9607 -1.6324 0.5746 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 1.9607 -1.6324 0.5746
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
-4.7548 3.6521 0.8524 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
-1.2201 0.8829 2.2253
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 2.4064 1.7438 1.1057 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
 2.2261 -5.3648 0.3049 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-4.1921 -1.0285 -0.9801 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-4.9217 1.2977 0.4473 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
 2.2261 -5.3648 0.3049 2.2261 -5.3648 0.3049
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
-4.9217 1.2977 0.4473 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398
-2.6931 -2.5271 -1.2871 3.0777 0.3891 -0.0701
-4.1921 -1.0285 -0.9801 0.0744 -1.7333 0.0902
 2.8369 1.4092 -3.1398 : z
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 : Elements of isz
-0.1383 0.0572 -0.1906 0.1238 0.0591 0.0936
-0.2842 0.4713 0.2661 -0.0914 0.1226 -0.0488
 0.0332 0.0332 -0.0332 : b
-2.6137 -2.3614 -1.0449 2.8614 0.3156 -0.2641
-0.3146 -1.1221 0.2401 0.4694 -1.9619 0.1691
 2.5664 1.3741 -2.7821 : xbar

```

```
0.4520 : ybar
1.4956  1.3233  0.5829  0.7735  0.6247  0.7966
2.4113  2.0421  0.4678  0.8197  0.9420  0.1735
1.0475  0.1359  1.3853 : xstd
0.9062 : ystd
```

10.3 Program Results

nag_pls_orth_scores_pred (g02ldc) Example Program Results

YHAT

```
      1
1      0.2132
2      0.5152
3      0.1437
4      0.4459
5      0.1716
6      2.4809
7      0.0964
8      1.4475
9     -0.1546
10     -0.5492
11      0.5393
12      0.2686
13     -1.1332
14      1.7975
15      0.4973
```
