

NAG Library Function Document

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc)

1 Purpose

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) adds or deletes an observation from a general regression model fitted by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

void nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (Nag_UpdateObserv update,
    Nag_IncludeMean mean, Integer m, const Integer sx[], double q[],
    Integer tdq, Integer ip, const double x[], Integer nr, Integer tdx,
    Integer ix, double y, const double wt[], double *rss, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) fits a general linear regression model to a dataset. You may wish to change the model by either adding or deleting an observation from the dataset. nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) takes the results from nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) and makes the required changes to the vector c and the upper triangular matrix R produced by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac). The regression coefficients, standard errors and the variance-covariance matrix of the regression coefficients can be obtained from nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc) after all required changes to the dataset have been made.

nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) performs a QR decomposition on the (weighted) X matrix of independent variables. To add a new observation to a model with p arguments the upper triangular matrix R and vector c_1 , the first p elements of c , are augmented by the new observation on independent variables in x^T and dependent variable y . Givens rotations are then used to restore the upper triangular form.

$$\begin{pmatrix} R \\ \vdots \\ c_1 \\ x \quad y \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} R^* & c_1^* \\ y^* & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

To delete an observation Givens rotations are applied to give:

$$(R \quad c_1) \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} R^* & c_1^* \\ x & y \end{pmatrix}$$

Note: only the R and upper part of the c are updated, the remainder of the Q matrix is unchanged.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

Hammarling S (1985) The singular value decomposition in multivariate statistics *SIGNUM Newsl.* **20**(3) 2–25

5 Arguments

- 1: **update** – Nag_UpdateObserv *Input*
On entry: indicates if an observation is to be added or deleted.
update = Nag_ObservAdd
The observation is added.
update = Nag_ObservDel
The observation is deleted.
Constraint: **update** = Nag_ObservAdd or Nag_ObservDel.
 - 2: **mean** – Nag_IncludeMean *Input*
On entry: indicates if a mean has been used in the model.
mean = Nag_MeanInclude
A mean term or intercept will have been included in the model by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).
mean = Nag_MeanZero
A model with no mean term or intercept will have been fitted by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).
Constraint: **mean** = Nag_MeanInclude or Nag_MeanZero.
 - 3: **m** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the total number of independent variables in the dataset.
Constraint: **m** ≥ 1 .
 - 4: **sx[m]** – const Integer *Input*
On entry: if **sx[j]** is greater than 0, then the value contained in **x**[**tdx** \times (**ix** – 1) + **j**] is to be included as a value of x^T , an observation on an independent variable, for $j = 0, 1, \dots, m - 1$.
Constraint: if **mean** = Nag_MeanInclude, then exactly **ip** – 1 elements of **sx** must be > 0 and if **mean** = Nag_MeanZero, then exactly **ip** elements of **sx** must be > 0 .
 - 5: **q[ip \times **tdq**]** – double *Input/Output*
Note: the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *Q* is stored in **q**[(*i* – 1) \times **tdq** + *j* – 1].
On entry: **q** must be array **q** as output by nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac), nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var (g02dec), nag_regsn_mult_linear_delete_var (g02dfc), or a previous call to nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc).
On exit: the first **ip** elements of the first column of **q** will contain c_1^* , the upper triangular part of columns 2 to **ip** + 1 will contain R^* , the remainder is unchanged.
 - 6: **tdq** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **q**.
Constraint: **tdq** \geq **ip** + 1.
 - 7: **ip** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of linear terms in general linear regression model (including mean if there is one).
Constraint: **ip** ≥ 1 .

- 8: **x**[**nr** × **tdx**] – const double *Input*
On entry: the **ip** values for the dependent variables of the observation to be added or deleted, x^T .
The positions of the values **x** extracted depends on **ix** and **tdx**.
- 9: **nr** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the number of rows of the notional two-dimensional array **x**.
Constraint: **nr** ≥ 1.
- 10: **tdx** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix column elements in the array **x**.
Constraint: **tdx** ≥ **m**.
- 11: **ix** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the row of the notional two-dimensional array **x** that contains the values for the dependent variables of the observation to be added or deleted.
Constraint: $1 \leq \mathbf{ix} \leq \mathbf{nr}$.
- 12: **y** – double *Input*
On entry: the value of the dependent variable for the observation to be added or deleted, y .
- 13: **wt**[1] – const double *Input*
On entry: if the new observation is to be weighted, then **wt** must contain the weight to be used with the new observation. If **wt**[0] = 0.0, then the observation is not included in the model. If the new observation is to be unweighted, then **wt** must be supplied as **NULL**.
Constraint: if the new observation is to be weighted **wt**[0] ≥ 0.0.
- 14: **rss** – double * *Input/Output*
On entry: the value of the residual sums of squares for the original set of observations.
Constraint: **rss** ≥ 0.0.
On exit: the updated values of the residual sums of squares.
Note: this will only be valid if the model is of full rank.
- 15: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_2_INT_ARG_GT

On entry, **ix** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ while **nr** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **ix** ≤ **nr**.

NE_2_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **tdq** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ while **ip** + 1 = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **tdq** ≥ **ip** + 1.

On entry, **tdx** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$ while **m** = $\langle \text{value} \rangle$. These arguments must satisfy **tdx** ≥ **m**.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, **mean** had an illegal value.

On entry, **update** had an illegal value.

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **ip** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **ix** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **ix** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **m** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **m** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **nr** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **nr** ≥ 1 .

NE_IP_INCOMP_WITH_SX

On entry, for **mean** = Nag_MeanInclude, number of nonzero values of **sx** must be equal to **ip** - 1: number of nonzero values of **sx** = $\langle value \rangle$, **ip** - 1 = $\langle value \rangle$.

On entry, for **mean** = Nag_MeanZero, number of nonzero values of **sx** must be equal to **ip**: number of nonzero values of **sx** = $\langle value \rangle$, **ip** = $\langle value \rangle$.

NE_MAT_NOT_UPD

The *R* matrix could not be updated: to, either, delete nonexistent observation, or, add an observation to *R* matrix with zero diagonal element.

NE_REAL_ARG_LT

On entry, **rss** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **rss** ≥ 0.0 .

On entry, **wt**[0] = $\langle value \rangle$

Constraint: **wt**[0] ≥ 0.0 .

NE_RSS_NOT_UPD

The **rss** could not be updated because the input **rss** was less than the calculated decrease in **rss** when the new observation was deleted.

7 Accuracy

Higher accuracy is achieved by updating the *R* matrix rather than the traditional methods of updating *X'X*.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

Care should be taken with the use of this function.

- (a) It is possible to delete observations which were not included in the original model.
- (b) If several additions/deletions have been performed you are advised to recompute the regression using nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).

- (c) Adding or deleting observations can alter the rank of the model. Such changes will only be detected when a call to `nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model` (g02ddc) has been made. `nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model` (g02ddc) should also be used to compute the new residual sum of squares when the model is not of full rank.

`nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs` (g02dcc) may also be used after `nag_regsn_mult_linear_add_var` (g02dec) and `nag_regsn_mult_linear_delete_var` (g02dfc).

10 Example

A dataset consisting of 12 observations with four independent variables is read in and a general linear regression model fitted by `nag_regsn_mult_linear` (g02dac) and parameter estimates printed. The last observation is then dropped and the parameter estimates recalculated, using `nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model` (g02ddc), and printed.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

#define XM(I, J) xm[(I) *tdxm + J]

int main(void)
{
    Integer exit_status = 0, i, ip, j, m, n, rank, *sx = 0, tdq, tdxm;
    double *b = 0, *com_ar = 0, *cov = 0, df, *h = 0, *p = 0, *q = 0;
    double *res = 0, rss, *se = 0, tol, *wt = 0, *wtptr, *xm = 0;
    double *y = 0;
    char nag_enum_arg[40];
    Nag_Boolean svd, weight;
    Nag_IncludeMean mean;
    Nag_UpdateObserv update;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) Example Program "
           "Results\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[^\\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[^\\n]");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT " %" NAG_IFMT "", &n, &m);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT " %" NAG_IFMT "", &n, &m);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
}
```

```

    weight = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s(" %39s", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf(" %39s", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    mean = (Nag_IncludeMean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

    if (weight)
        wtptr = wt;
    else
        wtptr = (double *) 0;

    if (n >= 2 && m >= 1) {
        if (!(b = NAG_ALLOC(m, double)) ||
            !(h = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
            !(res = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
            !(wt = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
            !(xm = NAG_ALLOC(n * m, double)) ||
            !(y = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) || !(sx = NAG_ALLOC(m, Integer)))
        {
            printf("Allocation failure\n");
            exit_status = -1;
            goto END;
        }
        tdxm = m;
    }
    else {
        printf("Invalid n or m.\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        return exit_status;
    }
    if (wtptr) {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
                scanf_s("%lf", &XM(i, j));
#else
                scanf("%lf", &XM(i, j));
#endif
        }
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%lf%lf", &y[i], &wt[i]);
#else
        scanf("%lf%lf", &y[i], &wt[i]);
#endif
    }
    else {
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
                scanf_s("%lf", &XM(i, j));
#else
                scanf("%lf", &XM(i, j));
#endif
        }
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%lf", &y[i]);
#else
        scanf("%lf", &y[i]);
#endif
    }
    for (j = 0; j < m; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &sx[j]);
#else
        scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &sx[j]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "", &ip);
#else

```

```

scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "", &ip);
#endif

if (!(cov = NAG_ALLOC(ip * (ip + 1) / 2, double)) ||
    !(p = NAG_ALLOC(ip * (ip + 2), double)) ||
    !(q = NAG_ALLOC((n) * (ip + 1), double)) ||
    !(com_ar = NAG_ALLOC(5 * (ip - 1) + ip * ip, double)) ||
    !(se = NAG_ALLOC(ip, double)))
{
    printf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
tdq = ip + 1;
/* Set tolerance */
tol = 0.00001e0;

/* Fit initial model using nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac) */
/* nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).
 * Fits a general (multiple) linear regression model
 */
nag_regsn_mult_linear(mean, n, xm, tdxm, m, sx, ip, y, wtptr, &rss,
                      &df, b, se, cov, res, h, q, tdq, &svd, &rank,
                      p, tol, com_ar, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear (g02dac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

printf("Results from g02dac\n\n");
if (svd)
    printf("Model not of full rank\n");
printf("Residual sum of squares = %13.4e\n", rss);
printf("Degrees of freedom = %3.1f\n\n", df);
printf("Variable      Parameter estimate      Standard error\n\n");
for (j = 0; j < ip; j++)
    printf("%6" NAG_IFMT "%20.4e%20.4e\n", j + 1, b[j], se[j]);
printf("\n");
update = Nag_ObservDel;
/* nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc).
 * Add/delete an observation to/from a general linear
 * regression model
 */
nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs(update, mean, m, sx, q, tdq, ip,
                                  xm, n, tdxm, n, y[11], wtptr, &rss, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

printf("Results from dropping an observation using\n"
       "nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc)\n");
n = n - 1;
/* nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc).
 * Estimates of regression parameters from an updated model
 */
nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model(n, ip, q, tdq, &rss, &df, b, se, cov,
                                &svd, &rank, p, tol, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_regsn_mult_linear_upd_model (g02ddc).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

printf("Residual sum of squares = %13.4e\n", rss);
printf("Degrees of freedom = %3.1f\n\n", df);
printf("Variable      Parameter estimate      Standard error\n\n");

```

```

    for (j = 0; j < ip; j++)
        printf("%6" NAG_IFMT "%20.4e%20.4e\n", j + 1, b[j], se[j]);
END:
    NAG_FREE(b);
    NAG_FREE(h);
    NAG_FREE(res);
    NAG_FREE(wt);
    NAG_FREE(xm);
    NAG_FREE(y);
    NAG_FREE(sx);
    NAG_FREE(cov);
    NAG_FREE(p);
    NAG_FREE(q);
    NAG_FREE(com_ar);
    NAG_FREE(se);
    return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) Example Program Data

```

12 4 Nag_FALSE Nag_MeanZero
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 33.63
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 39.62
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 38.18
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 41.46
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 38.02
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 35.83
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 35.99
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 36.58
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 42.92
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 37.80
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 40.43
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 37.89
1 1 1 1 4

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc) Example Program Results
Results from g02dac

Residual sum of squares = 5.2748e+03
Degrees of freedom = 8.0

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	2.0724e+01	1.3801e+01
2	1.4085e+01	1.6240e+01
3	2.6324e+01	1.3801e+01
4	2.2597e+01	1.3801e+01

Results from dropping an observation using

nag_regsn_mult_linear_addrem_obs (g02dcc)
Residual sum of squares = 2.1705e+01
Degrees of freedom = 7.0

Variable	Parameter estimate	Standard error
1	3.6003e+01	1.0166e+00
2	3.7005e+01	1.2451e+00
3	4.1603e+01	1.0166e+00
4	3.7877e+01	1.0166e+00
