

NAG Library Function Document

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc)

1 Purpose

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) calculates the sample means and sums of squares and cross-products, or sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from the mean, in a single pass for a set of data. The data may be weighted.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg02.h>

void nag_sum_sqs (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_SumSquare mean, Integer n,
                  Integer m, const double x[], Integer pdx, const double wt[], double *sw,
                  double wmean[], double c[], NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) is an adaptation of West's WV2 algorithm; see West (1979). This function calculates the (optionally weighted) sample means and (optionally weighted) sums of squares and cross-products or sums of squares and cross-products of deviations from the (weighted) mean for a sample of n observations on m variables X_j , for $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$. The algorithm makes a single pass through the data.

For the first $i - 1$ observations let the mean of the j th variable be $\bar{x}_j(i - 1)$, the cross-product about the mean for the j th and k th variables be $c_{jk}(i - 1)$ and the sum of weights be W_{i-1} . These are updated by the i th observation, x_{ij} , for $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$, with weight w_i as follows:

$$W_i = W_{i-1} + w_i$$

$$\bar{x}_j(i) = \bar{x}_j(i - 1) + \frac{w_i}{W_i}(x_j - \bar{x}_j(i - 1)), \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

and

$$c_{jk}(i) = c_{jk}(i - 1) + \frac{w_i}{W_i}(x_j - \bar{x}_j(i - 1))(x_k - \bar{x}_k(i - 1))W_{i-1}, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, m \text{ and } k = j, j + 1, \dots, m.$$

The algorithm is initialized by taking $\bar{x}_j(1) = x_{1j}$, the first observation, and $c_{ij}(1) = 0.0$.

For the unweighted case $w_i = 1$ and $W_i = i$ for all i .

Note that only the upper triangle of the matrix is calculated and returned packed by column.

4 References

Chan T F, Golub G H and Leveque R J (1982) *Updating Formulae and a Pairwise Algorithm for Computing Sample Variances* Compstat, Physica-Verlag

West D H D (1979) Updating mean and variance estimates: An improved method *Comm. ACM* **22** 532–555

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by

order = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **mean** – Nag_SumSquare *Input*

On entry: indicates whether nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) is to calculate sums of squares and cross-products, or sums of squares and cross-products of deviations about the mean.

mean = Nag_AboutMean

The sums of squares and cross-products of deviations about the mean are calculated.

mean = Nag_AboutZero

The sums of squares and cross-products are calculated.

Constraint: **mean** = Nag_AboutMean or Nag_AboutZero.

3: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the number of observations in the dataset.

Constraint: $n \geq 1$.

4: **m** – Integer *Input*

On entry: m , the number of variables.

Constraint: $m \geq 1$.

5: **x**[*dim*] – const double *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **x** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pdx} \times \mathbf{m})$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;

$\max(1, \mathbf{n} \times \mathbf{pdx})$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

Where **X**(*i*, *j*) appears in this document, it refers to the array element

x[(*j* – 1) × **pdx** + *i* – 1] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;

x[(*i* – 1) × **pdx** + *j* – 1] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: **X**(*i*, *j*) must contain the *i*th observation on the *j*th variable, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ and $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$.

6: **pdx** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **x**.

Constraints:

if **order** = Nag_ColMajor, **pdx** ≥ **n**;

if **order** = Nag_RowMajor, **pdx** ≥ **m**.

7: **wt**[*dim*] – const double *Input*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **wt** must be at least **n**.

On entry: the optional weights of each observation. If weights are not provided then **wt** must be set to **NULL**, otherwise **wt**[*i* – 1] must contain the weight for the *i*th observation.

Constraint: if **wt** is not **NULL**, **wt**[*i* – 1] ≥ 0.0, for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

8: **sw** – double * *Output*

On exit: the sum of weights.

If **wt** is **NULL**, **sw** contains the number of observations, n .

- 9: **wmean**[**m**] – double *Output*
On exit: the sample means. **wmean**[$j - 1$] contains the mean for the j th variable.
- 10: **c**[(**m** × **m** + **m**)/2] – double *Output*
On exit: the cross-products.
 If **mean** = Nag_AboutMean, **c** contains the upper triangular part of the matrix of (weighted) sums of squares and cross-products of deviations about the mean.
 If **mean** = Nag_AboutZero, **c** contains the upper triangular part of the matrix of (weighted) sums of squares and cross-products.
 These are stored packed by columns, i.e., the cross-product between the j th and k th variable, $k \geq j$, is stored in **c**[$k \times (k - 1)/2 + j - 1$].
- 11: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **m** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **m** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 1 .

On entry, **pdx** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdx** > 0 .

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pdx** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **m** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdx** $\geq \mathbf{m}$.

On entry, **pdx** = $\langle value \rangle$ and **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdx** $\geq \mathbf{n}$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.

See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_REAL_ARRAY_ELEM_CONS

On entry, $\text{wt}[\langle \text{value} \rangle] < 0.0$.

7 Accuracy

For a detailed discussion of the accuracy of this algorithm see Chan *et al.* (1982) or West (1979).

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

nag_cov_to_corr (g02bwc) may be used to calculate the correlation coefficients from the cross-products of deviations about the mean. The cross-products of deviations about the mean may be scaled to give a variance-covariance matrix.

The means and cross-products produced by nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) may be updated by adding or removing observations using nag_sum_sqs_update (g02btc).

Two sets of means and cross-products, as produced by nag_sum_sqs (g02buc), can be combined using nag_sum_sqs_combine (g02bzc).

10 Example

A program to calculate the means, the required sums of squares and cross-products matrix, and the variance matrix for a set of 3 observations of 3 variables.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagg02.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Arrays */
    char nag_enum_mean[40], nag_enum_weight[40];
    double *c = 0, *v = 0, *wmean = 0, *wt = 0, *x = 0;
    double *wtpttr = 0;
    /* Scalars */
    double alpha, sw;
    Integer exit_status, j, k, m, mm, n, pdx;
    Nag_SumSquare mean;
    Nag_Boolean weight;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    NagError fail;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define X(I, J) x[(J-1)*pdx + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#endif
}
```

```

#else
#define X(I, J) x[(I-1)*pdx + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    exit_status = 0;
    printf("nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) Example Program Results\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif

#ifdef _WIN32
    while (scanf_s("%39s %39s %" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", nag_enum_mean,
        (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_mean), nag_enum_weight,
        (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_weight), &m, &n) != EOF) {
#else
    while (scanf("%39s %39s %" NAG_IFMT "%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", nag_enum_mean,
        nag_enum_weight, &m, &n) != EOF) {
#endif
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    mean = (Nag_SumSquare) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_mean);
    weight = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_weight);
    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(c = NAG_ALLOC((m * m + m) / 2, double)) ||
        !(v = NAG_ALLOC((m * m + m) / 2, double)) ||
        !(wmean = NAG_ALLOC(m, double)) ||
        !(wt = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) || !(x = NAG_ALLOC(n * m, double)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdx = n;
#else
    pdx = m;
#endif

    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
#ifdef _WIN32
        scanf_s("%lf", &wt[j - 1]);
#else
        scanf("%lf", &wt[j - 1]);
#endif

#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");
#endif
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j) {
        for (k = 1; k <= m; ++k)
#ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf", &X(j, k));
#else
            scanf("%lf", &X(j, k));
#endif
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n] ");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n] ");

```

```

#endif

    if (weight)
        wtptr = wt;

    /* Calculate sums of squares and cross-products matrix */
    /* nag_sum_sqs (g02buc).
    * Computes a weighted sum of squares matrix
    */
    nag_sum_sqs(order, mean, n, m, x, pdx, wtptr, &sw, wmean, c, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_sum_sqs (g02buc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }

    printf("\n");
    printf("Means\n");
    for (j = 1; j <= m; ++j)
        printf("%14.4f%s", wmean[j - 1], j % 6 == 0 || j == m ? "\n" : " ");
    if (wtptr) {
        printf("\n");
        printf("Weights\n");
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            printf("%14.4f%s", wt[j - 1], j % 6 == 0 || j == n ? "\n" : " ");
        printf("\n");
    }

    /* Print the sums of squares and cross products matrix */
    /* nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).
    * Print real packed triangular matrix (easy-to-use)
    */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_pack_real_mat_print(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_Upper, Nag_NonUnitDiag, m, c,
        "Sums of squares and cross-products", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
        printf("Error from nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    if (sw > 1.0) {
        /* Calculate the variance matrix */
        alpha = 1.0 / (sw - 1.0);
        mm = m * (m + 1) / 2;
        /* v[] = alpha*c[] using
        * nag_daxpby (f16ecc)
        * Multiply real vector by scalar, preserving input vector
        */
        nag_daxpby(mm, alpha, c, 1, 0.0, v, 1, &fail);

        /* Print the variance matrix */
        printf("\n");
        /* nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc), see above. */
        fflush(stdout);
        nag_pack_real_mat_print(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_Upper, Nag_NonUnitDiag, m,
            v, "Variance matrix", 0, &fail);
        if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
            printf("Error from nag_pack_real_mat_print (x04ccc).\n%s\n",
                fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
}

NAG_FREE(c);
NAG_FREE(v);
NAG_FREE(wmean);
NAG_FREE(wt);
NAG_FREE(x);
}

```

```

END:
  NAG_FREE(c);
  NAG_FREE(v);
  NAG_FREE(wmean);
  NAG_FREE(wt);
  NAG_FREE(x);

  return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

```

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) Example Program Data
Nag_AboutMean Nag_TRUE 3 3
0.1300 1.3070 0.3700
9.1231 3.7011 4.5230
0.9310 0.0900 0.8870
0.0009 0.0099 0.0999

```

10.3 Program Results

```

nag_sum_sqs (g02buc) Example Program Results

```

```

Means
      1.3299      0.3334      0.9874

```

```

Weights
      0.1300      1.3070      0.3700

```

```

Sums of squares and cross-products
      1      2      3
1      8.7569      3.6978      4.0707
2              1.5905      1.6861
3              1.9297

```

```

Variance matrix
      1      2      3
1      10.8512      4.5822      5.0443
2              1.9709      2.0893
3              2.3912

```
