

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_zstegr (f08jyc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a real  $n$  by  $n$  symmetric tridiagonal matrix.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>

void nag_zstegr (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_RangeType range,
                Integer n, double d[], double e[], double vl, double vu, Integer il,
                Integer iu, Integer *m, double w[], Complex z[], Integer pdz,
                Integer isuppz[], NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, the eigenvectors, of a real symmetric tridiagonal matrix  $T$ . That is, the function computes the spectral factorization of  $T$  given by

$$T = Z\Lambda Z^T,$$

where  $\Lambda$  is a diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues,  $\lambda_i$ , of  $T$  and  $Z$  is an orthogonal matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors,  $z_i$ , of  $T$ . Thus

$$Tz_i = \lambda_i z_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

The function stores the real orthogonal matrix  $Z$  in a complex array, so that it may also be used to compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a complex Hermitian matrix  $A$  which has been reduced to tridiagonal form  $T$ :

$$\begin{aligned} A &= QTQ^H, \text{ where } Q \text{ is unitary} \\ &= (QZ)\Lambda(QZ)^H. \end{aligned}$$

In this case, the matrix  $Q$  must be explicitly applied to the output matrix  $Z$ . The functions which must be called to perform the reduction to tridiagonal form and apply  $Q$  are:

full matrix	nag_zhetrd (f08fsc) and nag_zunmtr (f08fuc)
full matrix, packed storage	nag_zhptrd (f08gsc) and nag_zupmtr (f08guc)
band matrix	nag_zhbtrd (f08hsc) with <b>vect</b> = Nag_FormQ and nag_zgemm (f16zac).

This function uses the dqds and the Relatively Robust Representation algorithms to compute the eigenvalues and eigenvectors respectively; see for example Parlett and Dhillon (2000) and Dhillon and Parlett (2004) for further details. nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) can usually compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors in  $O(n^2)$  floating-point operations and so, for large matrices, is often considerably faster than the other symmetric tridiagonal functions in this chapter when all the eigenvectors are required, particularly so compared to those functions that are based on the  $QR$  algorithm.

## 4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Barlow J and Demmel J W (1990) Computing accurate eigensystems of scaled diagonally dominant matrices *SIAM J. Numer. Anal.* **27** 762–791

Dhillon I S and Parlett B N (2004) Orthogonal eigenvectors and relative gaps. *SIAM J. Appl. Math.* **25** 858–899

Parlett B N and Dhillon I S (2000) Relatively robust representations of symmetric tridiagonals *Linear Algebra Appl.* **309** 121–151

## 5 Arguments

- 1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*  
*On entry:* the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag\_RowMajor. See Section 2.3.1.3 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.  
*Constraint:* **order** = Nag\_RowMajor or Nag\_ColMajor.
- 2: **job** – Nag\_JobType *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether eigenvectors are computed.  
**job** = Nag\_EigVals  
 Only eigenvalues are computed.  
**job** = Nag\_DoBoth  
 Eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.  
*Constraint:* **job** = Nag\_EigVals or Nag\_DoBoth.
- 3: **range** – Nag\_RangeType *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates which eigenvalues should be returned.  
**range** = Nag\_AllValues  
 All eigenvalues will be found.  
**range** = Nag\_Interval  
 All eigenvalues in the half-open interval (**vl**, **vu**] will be found.  
**range** = Nag\_Indices  
 The **il**th through **iuth** eigenvectors will be found.  
*Constraint:* **range** = Nag\_AllValues, Nag\_Interval or Nag\_Indices.
- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $T$ .  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 5: **d**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **d** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  diagonal elements of the tridiagonal matrix  $T$ .  
*On exit:* **d** is overwritten.

- 6: **e**[*dim*] – double *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **e** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .  
*On entry:* **e**[0] to **e**[*n* – 2] are the subdiagonal elements of the tridiagonal matrix *T*. **e**[*n* – 1] need not be set.  
*On exit:* **e** is overwritten.
- 7: **vl** – double *Input*  
8: **vu** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* if **range** = Nag\_Interval, **vl** and **vu** contain the lower and upper bounds respectively of the interval to be searched for eigenvalues.  
If **range** = Nag\_AllValues or Nag\_Indices, **vl** and **vu** are not referenced.  
*Constraint:* if **range** = Nag\_Interval, **vl** < **vu**.
- 9: **il** – Integer *Input*  
10: **iu** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* if **range** = Nag\_Indices, **il** and **iu** contains the indices (in ascending order) of the smallest and largest eigenvalues to be returned, respectively.  
If **range** = Nag\_AllValues or Nag\_Interval, **il** and **iu** are not referenced.  
*Constraints:*  
if **range** = Nag\_Indices and **n** > 0,  $1 \leq \mathbf{il} \leq \mathbf{iu} \leq \mathbf{n}$ ;  
if **range** = Nag\_Indices and **n** = 0, **il** = 1 and **iu** = 0.
- 11: **m** – Integer \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the total number of eigenvalues found.  $0 \leq \mathbf{m} \leq \mathbf{n}$ .  
If **range** = Nag\_AllValues, **m** = **n**.  
If **range** = Nag\_Indices, **m** = **iu** – **il** + 1.
- 12: **w**[*dim*] – double *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ .  
*On exit:* the eigenvalues in ascending order.
- 13: **z**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **z** must be at least  
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdz} \times \mathbf{n})$  when **job** = Nag\_DoBoth;  
1 otherwise.  
The (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *Z* is stored in  
**z**[(*j* – 1) × **pdz** + *i* – 1] when **order** = Nag\_ColMajor;  
**z**[(*i* – 1) × **pdz** + *j* – 1] when **order** = Nag\_RowMajor.  
*On exit:* if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, then if **fail.code** = NE\_NOERROR, the columns of **z** contain the orthonormal eigenvectors of the matrix *T*, with the *i*th column of *Z* holding the eigenvector associated with **w**[*i* – 1].  
If **job** = Nag\_EigVals, **z** is not referenced.
- 14: **pdz** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **z**.

*Constraints:*

if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, **pdz**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
otherwise **pdz**  $\geq 1$ .

15: **isuppz**[*dim*] – Integer

*Output*

**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **isuppz** must be at least  $\max(1, 2 \times \mathbf{m})$ .

*On exit:* the support of the eigenvectors in *Z*, i.e., the indices indicating the nonzero elements in *Z*. The *i*th eigenvector is nonzero only in elements **isuppz**[ $2 \times i - 2$ ] through **isuppz**[ $2 \times i - 1$ ].

16: **fail** – NagError \*

*Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

### NE\_BAD\_PARAM

On entry, argument *⟨value⟩* had an illegal value.

### NE\_CONVERGENCE

Inverse iteration failed to converge.

The dqds algorithm failed to converge.

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_2

On entry, **job** = *⟨value⟩*, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩* and **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **job** = Nag\_DoBoth, **pdz**  $\geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$ ;  
otherwise **pdz**  $\geq 1$ .

### NE\_ENUM\_INT\_3

On entry, **range** = *⟨value⟩*, **il** = *⟨value⟩*, **iu** = *⟨value⟩* and **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **range** = Nag\_Indices and **n** > 0,  $1 \leq \mathbf{il} \leq \mathbf{iu} \leq \mathbf{n}$ ;  
if **range** = Nag\_Indices and **n** = 0, **il** = 1 and **iu** = 0.

### NE\_ENUM\_REAL\_2

On entry, **range** = *⟨value⟩*, **vl** = *⟨value⟩* and **vu** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: if **range** = Nag\_Interval, **vl** < **vu**.

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **n**  $\geq 0$ .

On entry, **pdz** = *⟨value⟩*.

Constraint: **pdz** > 0.

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.  
See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

## NE\_NO\_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.  
See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

## 7 Accuracy

See Section 4.7 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) and Barlow and Demmel (1990) for further details.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

## 9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations required to compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors is approximately proportional to  $n^2$ .

The real analogue of this function is nag\_dstegr (f08jlc).

## 10 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the symmetric tridiagonal matrix

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 & 1.0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1.0 & 4.0 & 2.0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2.0 & 9.0 & 3.0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3.0 & 16.0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zstegr (f08jyc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <naga02.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    double vl = 0.0, vu = 0.0;
    Integer i, j, il = 0, iu = 0, m, n, pdz;
```

```

Integer exit_status = 0;
/* Arrays */
char nag_enum_arg[40];
Complex *z = 0;
double *d = 0, *e = 0, *w = 0;
Integer *isuppz = 0;
/* Nag Types */
Nag_OrderType order;
Nag_JobType job;
Nag_RangeType range;
NagError fail;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define Z(I, J) z[(J - 1) * pdz + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define Z(I, J) z[(I - 1) * pdz + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zstegr (f08jyc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", &n);
#else
    scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%*[\n]", &n);
#endif
    m = n;

    /* Read job and range */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value.
     */
    job = (Nag_JobType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg, (unsigned)_countof(nag_enum_arg));
#else
    scanf("%39s%*[\n]", nag_enum_arg);
#endif
    range = (Nag_RangeType) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdz = n;
#else
    pdz = n;
#endif

    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(z = NAG_ALLOC(n * m, Complex)) ||
        !(d = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
        !(e = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) ||
        !(w = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)) || !(isuppz = NAG_ALLOC(2 * m, Integer)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

```

```

/* Read the symmetric tridiagonal matrix T from data file, first
 * the diagonal elements, then the off diagonal elements.
 */
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%lf", &d[i]);
#else
    scanf("%lf", &d[i]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif

for (i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i)
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%lf", &e[i]);
#else
    scanf("%lf", &e[i]);
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif

/* nag_zstegr (f08jyc).
 * Calculate all the eigenvalues of T.
 */
nag_zstegr(order, job, range, n, d, e, vl, vu, il, iu, &m, w, z, pdz,
           isuppz, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_zstegr (f08jyc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* nag_complex_divide (a02cdc).
 * Normalize the eigenvectors.
 */
for (j = 1; j <= m; j++)
    for (i = n; i >= 1; i--)
        Z(i, j) = nag_complex_divide(Z(i, j), Z(1, j));

/* Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors */
printf("%s\n", "Eigenvalues");
for (i = 0; i < m; ++i)
    printf("%8.4f%s", w[i], (i + 1) % 8 == 0 ? "\n" : " ");
printf("\n\n");

/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print (x04dac).
 * Print eigenvectors.
 */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                        m, z, pdz, "Eigenvectors", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print (x04dac).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

END:
NAG_FREE(z);
NAG_FREE(d);
NAG_FREE(e);
NAG_FREE(w);
NAG_FREE(isuppz);

```

```

    return exit_status;
}

#undef Z

```

## 10.2 Program Data

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) Example Program Data

```

4                      :Value of n
Nag_DoBoth            :Value of job
Nag_AllValues         :Value of range

1.0  4.0  9.0  16.0   :End of d
1.0  2.0  3.0          :End of e

```

## 10.3 Program Results

nag\_zstegr (f08jyc) Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

```

0.6476  3.5470  8.6578  17.1477

```

Eigenvectors

	1	2	3	4
1	1.0000 0.0000	1.0000 0.0000	1.0000 0.0000	1.0000 0.0000
2	-0.3524 0.0000	2.5470 0.0000	7.6578 0.0000	16.1477 0.0000
3	0.0908 0.0000	-1.0769 0.0000	17.3340 0.0000	105.6521 0.0000
4	-0.0177 0.0000	0.2594 0.0000	-7.0826 0.0000	276.1742 0.0000

---