NAG Library Function Document

nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc)

1 Purpose

nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) solves the quadratic eigenvalue problem

$$\big(\lambda^2 A + \lambda B + C\big)x = 0,$$

where A, B and C are complex n by n matrices.

The function returns the $2n$ eigenvalues, λ_j, for $j = 1, 2, \ldots, 2n$, and can optionally return the corresponding right eigenvectors, x_j and/or left eigenvectors, y_j as well as estimates of the condition numbers of the computed eigenvalues and backward errors of the computed right and left eigenvectors. A left eigenvector satisfies the equation

$$y^{\mathrm{H}}\big(\lambda^2 A + \lambda B + C\big) = 0,$$

where y^{H} is the complex conjugate transpose of y.

λ is represented as the pair (α, β), such that $\lambda = \alpha/\beta$. Note that the computation of α/β may overflow and indeed β may be zero.

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf02.h>
void nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (Nag_ScaleType scal, Nag_LeftVecsType jobvl,
     Nag_RightVecsType jobvr, Nag_CondErrType sense, double tol, Integer n,
     Complex a[], Integer pda, Complex b[], Integer pdb, Complex c[],
     Integer pdc, Complex alpha[], Complex beta[], Complex vl[],
     Integer pdvl, Complex vr[], Integer pdvr, double s[], double bevl[],
     double bevr[], Integer *iwarn, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

The quadratic eigenvalue problem is solved by linearizing the problem and solving the resulting $2n$ by $2n$ generalized eigenvalue problem. The linearization is chosen to have favourable conditioning and backward stability properties. An initial preprocessing step is performed that reveals and deflates the zero and infinite eigenvalues contributed by singular leading and trailing matrices.

The algorithm is backward stable for problems that are not too heavily damped, that is $\|B\| \leq 10\sqrt{\|A\| \cdot \|C\|}$.

Further details on the algorithm are given in Hammarling *et al.* (2013).

4 References

Fan H -Y, Lin W.-W and Van Dooren P. (2004) Normwise scaling of second order polynomial matrices. SIAM J. Matrix Anal. Appl. **26, 1** 252–256

Gaubert S and Sharify M (2009) Tropical scaling of polynomial matrices *Lecture Notes in Control and Information Sciences Series* **389** 291–303 Springer–Verlag

Hammarling S, Munro C J and Tisseur F (2013) An algorithm for the complete solution of quadratic eigenvalue problems. *ACM Trans. Math. Software.* **39(3):18:1–18:119** http://eprints.ma.man.ac.uk/1815/

5 Arguments

1: **scal** – Nag_ScaleType *Input*

On entry: determines the form of scaling to be performed on A, B and C.

scal = Nag_NoScale
No scaling.

scal = Nag_CondFanLinVanDooren (the recommended value)
Fan, Lin and Van Dooren scaling if $\frac{\|B\|}{\sqrt{\|A\|\times\|C\|}} < 10$ and no scaling otherwise where $\|Z\|$ is the Frobenius norm of Z.

scal = Nag_FanLinVanDooren
Fan, Lin and Van Dooren scaling.

scal = Nag_TropicalLargest
Tropical scaling with largest root.

scal = Nag_TropicalSmallest
Tropical scaling with smallest root.

Constraint: **scal** = Nag_NoScale, Nag_CondFanLinVanDooren, Nag_FanLinVanDooren, Nag_TropicalLargest or Nag_TropicalSmallest.

2: **jobvl** – Nag_LeftVecsType *Input*

On entry: if **jobvl** = Nag_NotLeftVecs, do not compute left eigenvectors.

If **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs, compute the left eigenvectors.

If **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth, **jobvl** must be set to Nag_LeftVecs.

Constraint: **jobvl** = Nag_NotLeftVecs or Nag_LeftVecs.

3: **jobvr** – Nag_RightVecsType *Input*

On entry: if **jobvr** = Nag_NotRightVecs, do not compute right eigenvectors.

If **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, compute the right eigenvectors.

If **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrRight, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth, **jobvr** must be set to Nag_RightVecs.

Constraint: **jobvr** = Nag_NotRightVecs or Nag_RightVecs.

4: **sense** – Nag_CondErrType *Input*

On entry: determines whether, or not, condition numbers and backward errors are computed.

sense = Nag_NoCondBackErr
Do not compute condition numbers, or backward errors.

sense = Nag_CondOnly
Just compute condition numbers for the eigenvalues.

sense = Nag_BackErrLeft
Just compute backward errors for the left eigenpairs.

sense = Nag_BackErrRight
Just compute backward errors for the right eigenpairs.

sense = Nag_BackErrBoth
Compute backward errors for the left and right eigenpairs.

sense = Nag_CondBackErrLeft
Compute condition numbers for the eigenvalues and backward errors for the left eigenpairs.

sense = Nag_CondBackErrRight
Compute condition numbers for the eigenvalues and backward errors for the right eigenpairs.

sense = Nag_CondBackErrBoth
Compute condition numbers for the eigenvalues and backward errors for the left and right eigenpairs.

Constraint: **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr, Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrRight, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

5: **tol** – double *Input*

On entry: **tol** is used as the tolerance for making decisions on rank in the deflation procedure. If **tol** is zero on entry then $n \times$ ***machine precision*** is used in place of **tol**, where ***machine precision*** is as returned by function nag_machine_precision (X02AJC). A diagonal element of a triangular matrix, R, is regarded as zero if $\left|r_{jj}\right| \leq$ **tol** $\times$ size(X), or $n \times$ ***machine precision*** $\times$ size(X) when **tol** is zero, where size(X) is based on the size of the absolute values of the elements of the matrix X containing the matrix R. See Hammarling *et al.* (2013) for the motivation. If **tol** is -1.0 on entry then no deflation is attempted. The recommended value for **tol** is zero.

6: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the order of the matrices A, B and C.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

7: **a**$[dim]$ – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least **pda** $\times$ **n**.

The (i,j)th element of the matrix A is stored in **a**$[(j-1) \times$ **pda** $+ i - 1]$.

On entry: the n by n matrix A.

On exit: **a** is used as internal workspace, but if **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs or **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, then **a** is restored on exit.

8: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **a**.

Constraint: **pda** $\geq$ **n**.

9: **b**$[dim]$ – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **b** must be at least **pdb** $\times$ **n**.

The (i,j)th element of the matrix B is stored in **b**$[(j-1) \times$ **pdb** $+ i - 1]$.

On entry: the n by n matrix B.

On exit: **b** is used as internal workspace, but is restored on exit.

10: **pdb** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **b**.

Constraint: **pdb** $\geq$ **n**.

11: **c**$[dim]$ – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **c** must be at least **pdc** $\times$ **n**.

The (i,j)th element of the matrix C is stored in **c**$[(j-1) \times$ **pdc** $+ i - 1]$.

On entry: the n by n matrix C.

On exit: **c** is used as internal workspace, but if **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs or **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, **c** is restored on exit.

12: **pdc** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **c**.

Constraint: **pdc** $\geq$ **n**.

13: **alpha**[**2** $\times$ **n**] – Complex *Output*

On exit: **alpha**[$j-1$], for $j = 1, 2, \ldots, 2n$, contains the first part of the the jth eigenvalue pair (α_j, β_j) of the quadratic eigenvalue problem.

14: **beta**[**2** $\times$ **n**] – Complex *Output*

On exit: **beta**[$j-1$], for $j = 1, 2, \ldots, 2n$, contains the second part of the jth eigenvalue pair (α_j, β_j) of the quadratic eigenvalue problem. Although **beta** is declared complex, it is actually real and non-negative. Infinite eigenvalues have β_j set to zero.

15: **vl**[dim] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vl** must be at least 2 $\times$ **n** when **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs.

Where **VL**(i, j) appears in this document, it refers to the array element **vl**[$(j-1) \times$ **pdvl** $+ i - 1$].

On exit: if **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs, the left eigenvectors y_j are stored one after another in **vl**, in the same order as the corresponding eigenvalues. Each eigenvector will be normalized with length unity and with the element of largest modulus real and positive.

If **jobvl** = Nag_NotLeftVecs, **vl** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

16: **pdvl** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **vl**.

Constraint: **pdvl** $\geq$ **n**.

17: **vr**[dim] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vr** must be at least 2 $\times$ **n** when **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs.

Where **VR**(i, j) appears in this document, it refers to the array element **vr**[$(j-1) \times$ **pdvr** $+ i - 1$].

On exit: if **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, the right eigenvectors x_j are stored one after another in **vr**, in the same order as the corresponding eigenvalues. Each eigenvector will be normalized with length unity and with the element of largest modulus real and positive.

If **jobvr** = Nag_NotRightVecs, **vr** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

18: **pdvr** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating matrix row elements in the array **vr**.

Constraint: **pdvr** $\geq$ **n**.

19: **s**[dim] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **s** must be at least 2 $\times$ **n** when **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

Note: also: computing the condition numbers of the eigenvalues requires that both the left and right eigenvectors be computed.

On exit: if **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth, **s**[$j-1$] contains the condition number estimate for the jth eigenvalue

(large condition numbers imply that the problem is near one with multiple eigenvalues). Infinite condition numbers are returned as the largest model real number (nag_real_largest_number (X02ALC)).

If **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr, Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrRight or Nag_BackErrBoth, **s** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

20: **bevl**[dim] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **bevl** must be at least $2 \times$ **n** when **sense** = Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

On exit: if **sense** = Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft or Nag_CondBackErrBoth, **bevl**[$j-1$] contains the backward error estimate for the computed left eigenpair (λ_j, y_j).

If **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr, Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrRight, **bevl** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

21: **bevr**[dim] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array **bevr** must be at least $2 \times$ **n** when **sense** = Nag_BackErrRight, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

On exit: if **sense** = Nag_BackErrRight, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth, **bevr**[$j-1$] contains the backward error estimate for the computed right eigenpair (λ_j, x_j).

If **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr, Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrLeft or Nag_CondBackErrLeft, **bevr** is not referenced and may be **NULL**.

22: **iwarn** – Integer * *Output*

On exit: **iwarn** will be positive if there are warnings, otherwise **iwarn** will be 0.

If **fail**.**code** = NE_NOERROR then:

if **iwarn** = 1 then one, or both, of the matrices A and C is zero. In this case no scaling is performed, even if **scal** = Nag_CondFanLinVanDooren;

if **iwarn** = 2 then the matrices A and C are singular, or nearly singular, so the problem is potentially ill-posed;

if **iwarn** = 3 then both the conditions for **iwarn** = 1 and **iwarn** = 2 above, apply. If **iwarn** = 4, $\|\mathbf{b}\| \geq 10\sqrt{\|A\| \cdot \|C\|}$ and backward stability cannot be guaranteed.

If **fail**.**code** = NE_ITERATIONS_QZ, nag_zgges (f08xnc) has flagged that **iwarn** eigenvalues are invalid.

If **fail**.**code** = NE_ITERATIONS_QZ, nag_zggev (f08wnc) has flagged that **iwarn** eigenvalues are invalid.

23: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_ARRAY_SIZE

On entry, **pda** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **pda** ≥ **n**.

On entry, **pdb** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **pdb** ≥ **n**.

On entry, **pdc** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **pdc** ≥ **n**.

On entry, **pdvl** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **jobvl** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: when **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs, **pdvl** ≥ **n**.

On entry, **pdvr** = ⟨*value*⟩, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **jobvr** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: when **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, **pdvr** ≥ **n**.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument ⟨*value*⟩ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_INVALID_VALUE

On entry, **sense** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **jobvl** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: when **jobvl** = Nag_NotLeftVecs, **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr or Nag_BackErrRight, when **jobvl** = Nag_LeftVecs, **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrLeft, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

On entry, **sense** = ⟨*value*⟩ and **jobvr** = ⟨*value*⟩.
Constraint: when **jobvr** = Nag_NotRightVecs, **sense** = Nag_NoCondBackErr or Nag_BackErrLeft,
when **jobvr** = Nag_RightVecs, **sense** = Nag_CondOnly, Nag_BackErrRight, Nag_BackErrBoth, Nag_CondBackErrLeft, Nag_CondBackErrRight or Nag_CondBackErrBoth.

NE_ITERATIONS_QZ

The QZ iteration failed in nag_zggev (f08wnc).
iwarn returns the value of **info** returned by nag_zggev (f08wnc). This failure is unlikely to happen, but if it does, please contact NAG.

The QZ iteration failed in nag_zgges (f08xnc).
iwarn returns the value of **info** returned by nag_zgges (f08xnc). This failure is unlikely to happen, but if it does, please contact NAG.

NE_NO_LICENCE

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

NE_SINGULAR

The quadratic matrix polynomial is nonregular (singular).

7 Accuracy

The algorithm is backward stable for problems that are not too heavily damped, that is $\|B\| \leq \sqrt{\|A\| \cdot \|C\|}$.

8 Parallelism and Performance

nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the x06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

To solve the quadratic eigenvalue problem

$$\left(\lambda^2 A + \lambda B + C\right)x = 0$$

where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2i & 4i & 4i \\ 6i & 2i & 2i \\ 6i & 4i & 2i \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 3+3i & 2+2i & 1+i \\ 2+2i & 1+i & 3+3i \\ 1+i & 3+3i & 2+2i \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The example also returns the left eigenvectors, condition numbers for the computed eigenvalues and the maximum backward errors of the computed right and left eigenpairs.

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) Example Program.
 *
 * NAGPRODCODE Version.
 *
 * Copyright 2016 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 26, 2016.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf02.h>
#include <nagx02.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
#include <nagm01.h>
#include <math.h>

#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
  static Integer NAG_CALL compare(const Nag_Pointer a, const Nag_Pointer b);
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
```

```
#define COMPLEX(A)      A.re, A.im

int main(void)
{
  /* Integer scalar and array declarations */
  Integer           i, iwarn, j, pda, pdb, pdc, pdvl, pdvr, n;
  Integer           exit_status = 0, isinf = 0, cond_errors = 0;

  size_t            *indices = 0;

  /* Nag Types */
  NagError          fail;
  Nag_ScaleType     scal;
  Nag_LeftVecsType  jobvl;
  Nag_RightVecsType jobvr;
  Nag_CondErrType   sense;

  /* Double scalar and array declarations */
  double            rbetaj;
  double            tol = 0.0;
  double            *bevl = 0, *bevr = 0, *s = 0;

  /* Complex scalar and array declarations */
  Complex           *a = 0, *alpha = 0, *b = 0, *beta = 0,
                    *c = 0, *e = 0, *vl = 0, *vr = 0, *cvr = 0;

  /* Character scalar declarations */
  char              cjobvl[40], cjobvr[40], cscal[40], csense[40];

  /* Initialize the error structure */
  INIT_FAIL(fail);

  printf("nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) Example Program Results\n\n");

  /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif

  /* Read in the problem size, scaling and output required */
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%" NAG_IFMT "%39s%39s%*[^\n] ", &n, cscal,
          (unsigned)_countof(cscal), csense,
          (unsigned)_countof(csense));
#else
  scanf("%" NAG_IFMT "%39s%39s%*[^\n] ", &n, cscal, csense);
#endif
  scal = (Nag_ScaleType) nag_enum_name_to_value(cscal);
  sense = (Nag_CondErrType) nag_enum_name_to_value(csense);

#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%39s%39s%*[^\n] ", cjobvl, (unsigned)_countof(cjobvl), cjobvr,
          (unsigned)_countof(cjobvr));
#else
  scanf("%39s%39s%*[^\n] ", cjobvl, cjobvr);
#endif
  jobvl = (Nag_LeftVecsType) nag_enum_name_to_value(cjobvl);
  jobvr = (Nag_RightVecsType) nag_enum_name_to_value(cjobvr);

  pda = n;
  pdb = n;
  pdc = n;
  pdvl = n;
  pdvr = n;

  if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * pda, Complex)) ||
      !(b = NAG_ALLOC(n * pdb, Complex)) ||
      !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * pdc, Complex)) ||
```

```
      !(alpha = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, Complex)) ||
      !(beta = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, Complex)) ||
      !(e = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, Complex)) ||
      !(vl = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n * pdvl, Complex)) ||
      !(vr = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n * pdvr, Complex)) ||
      !(s = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, double)) ||
      !(bevr = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, double)) ||
      !(bevl = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, double)) ||
      !(cvr = NAG_ALLOC(n, Complex)) ||
      !(indices = NAG_ALLOC(2 * n, size_t)))
    {
      printf("Allocation failure\n");
      exit_status = -1;
      goto END;
    }

  /* Read in the matrix A */
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
      scanf_s("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&a[j * pda + i]));
#else
      scanf("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&a[j * pda + i]));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif

  /* Read in the matrix B */
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
      scanf_s("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&b[j * pdb + i]));
#else
      scanf("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&b[j * pdb + i]));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif

  /* Read in the matrix C */
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
#ifdef _WIN32
      scanf_s("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&c[j * pdc + i]));
#else
      scanf("%lf%lf", COMPLEX(&c[j * pdc + i]));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
  scanf_s("%*[^\n] ");
#else
  scanf("%*[^\n] ");
#endif

  /* nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc):
   * Solve the quadratic eigenvalue problem */
  nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad(scal, jobvl, jobvr, sense, tol, n, a, pda, b,
                             pdb, c, pdc, alpha, beta, vl, pdvl, vr, pdvr, s,
                             bevl, bevr, &iwarn, &fail);

  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
  }
  else if (iwarn != 0) {
```

```
    printf("Warning from nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc).");
    printf("  iwarn = %" NAG_IFMT "\n", iwarn);
  }

  /* Display eigenvalues */
  for (j = 0; j < 2 * n; j++) {
    rbetaj = beta[j].re;
    if (rbetaj > 0.0) {
      e[j].re = alpha[j].re / rbetaj;
      e[j].im = alpha[j].im / rbetaj;
    } else {
      isinf = j + 1;
    }
  }
  if (isinf) {
    printf("Eigenvalue(%3" NAG_IFMT ") is infinite\n", isinf);
  } else {

    /* Sort eigenvalues by decscending absolute value and then by
     * descending real part. Sort requested eigenvectors correspondingly.
     */
    nag_rank_sort((Pointer) e, 2*n, (ptrdiff_t) (sizeof(Complex)),
                  compare, Nag_Descending, indices, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
      printf("Error from nag_rank_sort (m01dsc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }
    /* nag_make_indices (m01zac).
     * Inverts a permutation converting a rank vector to an
     * index vector or vice versa
     */
    nag_make_indices(indices, 2*n, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
      printf("Error from nag_make_indices (m01zac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }
    /* nag_reorder_vector (m01esc).
     * Reorders set of values of arbitrary data type into the
     * order specified by a set of indices
     */
    nag_reorder_vector((Pointer) e, 2*n, sizeof(Complex),
                       (ptrdiff_t) (sizeof(Complex)), indices, &fail);
    if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR && jobvl == Nag_LeftVecs) {
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        nag_reorder_vector((Pointer) &vl[i], 2*n, sizeof(Complex),
                       (ptrdiff_t) (n*sizeof(Complex)), indices, &fail);
      }
    }
    if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR && jobvr == Nag_RightVecs) {
      for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        nag_reorder_vector((Pointer) &vr[i], 2*n, sizeof(Complex),
                       (ptrdiff_t) (n*sizeof(Complex)), indices, &fail);
      }
    }
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
      printf("Error from nag_reorder_vector (m01esc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
      exit_status = 1;
      goto END;
    }

    /* Print eigenvalues as 1 by 2n matrix using
     * nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                  Nag_NonUnitDiag, 1, 2*n, e, 1,
                                  Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f", "Eigenvalues:",
                                  Nag_NoLabels, 0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                                  60, 0, 0, &fail);
```

```
  }
  printf("\n");

  if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR && jobvr == Nag_RightVecs) {
    /* Print right eigenvectors using
     * nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                  Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, 2*n, vr, pdvr,
                                  Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                                  "Right Eigenvectors:", Nag_NoLabels,
                                  0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 60, 0, 0, &fail);
    printf("\n");
  }

  if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR && jobvl == Nag_LeftVecs) {
    /* Print left eigenvectors using
     * nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                  Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, 2*n, vl, pdvl,
                                  Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                                  "Left Eigenvectors:", Nag_NoLabels,
                                  0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 60, 0, 0, &fail);
    printf("\n");
  }

  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
  }

  if (!cond_errors)
    goto END;

  /* Display condition numbers and errors, as required */
  if (sense == Nag_CondOnly || sense == Nag_CondBackErrLeft ||
      sense == Nag_CondBackErrRight || sense == Nag_CondBackErrBoth) {
    /* Print eigenvalue condition numbers as 1 by 2n matrix using
     * nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp (x04cbc).
     */
    fflush(stdout);
    nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                Nag_NonUnitDiag, 1, 2*n, s, 1,
                                "%17.2f", "Eigenvalue Condition numbers:",
                                Nag_NoLabels, 0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                                60, 0, 0, &fail);
    printf("\n");
  }

  if (sense == Nag_BackErrRight || sense == Nag_BackErrBoth ||
      sense == Nag_CondBackErrRight || sense == Nag_CondBackErrBoth) {
    if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR) {
      fflush(stdout);
      nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                  Nag_NonUnitDiag, 1, 2*n, bevr, 1,
                                  "%17.1e",
                                  "Backward errors for eigenvalues and "
                                  "right eigenvectors:",
                                  Nag_NoLabels, 0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                                  60, 0, 0, &fail);
      printf("\n");
    }
  }

  if (sense == Nag_BackErrLeft || sense == Nag_BackErrBoth ||
      sense == Nag_CondBackErrLeft || sense == Nag_CondBackErrBoth) {
```

```
    if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR) {
      fflush(stdout);
      nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp(Nag_ColMajor, Nag_GeneralMatrix,
                                  Nag_NonUnitDiag, 1, 2*n, bevl, 1,
                                  "%17.1e",
                                  "Backward errors for eigenvalues and "
                                  "left eigenvectors:",
                                  Nag_NoLabels, 0, Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                                  60, 0, 0, &fail);
      printf("\n");
    }
  }
  if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print_comp (x04cbc).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 2;
  }

END:
  NAG_FREE(a);
  NAG_FREE(b);
  NAG_FREE(c);
  NAG_FREE(alpha);
  NAG_FREE(beta);
  NAG_FREE(e);
  NAG_FREE(vl);
  NAG_FREE(vr);
  NAG_FREE(s);
  NAG_FREE(bevr);
  NAG_FREE(bevl);
  NAG_FREE(cvr);
  NAG_FREE(indices);

  return (exit_status);
}
static Integer NAG_CALL compare(const Nag_Pointer a, const Nag_Pointer b)
{
  double a_re = (*((const Complex *) a)).re;
  double a_im = (*((const Complex *) a)).im;
  double b_re = (*((const Complex *) b)).re;
  double b_im = (*((const Complex *) b)).im;
  double diff;
  Integer x;

  diff = (a_re*a_re + a_im*a_im)-(b_re*b_re + b_im*b_im);
  if (fabs(diff) < 1000.0*x02ajc()) {
    if (a_re < b_re) {
      x = -1;
    } else if (a_re > b_re) {
      x = 1;
    } else {
      x = 0;
    }
  } else if (diff < 0.0) {
    x = -1;
  } else {
    x = 1;
  }
  return x;
}
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) Example Program Data
 3  Nag_CondFanLinVanDooren  Nag_CondBackErrBoth : n, scal, sense
Nag_LeftVecs  Nag_RightVecs                     : jobvl, jobvr

 0.0 2.0    0.0 4.0    0.0 4.0
 0.0 6.0    0.0 2.0    0.0 2.0
 0.0 6.0    0.0 4.0    0.0 2.0                 : a
```

```
 3.0 3.0    2.0 2.0    1.0 1.0
 2.0 2.0    1.0 1.0    3.0 3.0
 1.0 1.0    3.0 3.0    2.0 2.0                    : b

 1.0 0.0    1.0 0.0    2.0 0.0
 2.0 0.0    3.0 0.0    1.0 0.0
 3.0 0.0    1.0 0.0    2.0 0.0                    : c
```

10.3 Program Results

```
nag_eigen_complex_gen_quad (f02jqc) Example Program Results

 Eigenvalues:
                     1                    2                    3
   (-1.9256, 1.9256)  ( 0.1053, 0.6975)  (-0.6975,-0.1053)

                     4                    5                    6
   ( 0.5729, 0.0496)  (-0.0496,-0.5729)  ( 0.3945,-0.3945)

 Right Eigenvectors:
                     1                    2                    3
   (-0.2108, 0.0000)  ( 0.3751,-0.1877)  ( 0.3751, 0.1877)
   ( 0.7695, 0.0000)  ( 0.5020,-0.2433)  ( 0.5020, 0.2433)
   (-0.6028,-0.0000)  ( 0.7162, 0.0000)  ( 0.7162, 0.0000)

                     4                    5                    6
   (-0.6593, 0.0424)  (-0.6593,-0.0424)  (-0.3478, 0.0000)
   ( 0.0302, 0.0197)  ( 0.0302,-0.0197)  ( 0.8277, 0.0000)
   ( 0.7498, 0.0000)  ( 0.7498, 0.0000)  (-0.4405,-0.0000)

 Left Eigenvectors:
                     1                    2                    3
   ( 0.1052,-0.0000)  ( 0.7816, 0.0000)  ( 0.7816, 0.0000)
   ( 0.7381, 0.0000)  ( 0.5075,-0.1352)  ( 0.5075, 0.1352)
   (-0.6664, 0.0000)  ( 0.3202,-0.1038)  ( 0.3202, 0.1038)

                     4                    5                    6
   ( 0.8079, 0.0000)  ( 0.8079, 0.0000)  ( 0.0358, 0.0000)
   (-0.1124,-0.0314)  (-0.1124, 0.0314)  ( 0.7072, 0.0000)
   (-0.5704, 0.0913)  (-0.5704,-0.0913)  (-0.7061,-0.0000)
```